Ecuadorian HECAP Groups Update to LASF4RI

III LASF4RI for HECAP Symposium: Update of the Strategic Plan

Eliana Acurio^(a), Andrés Baquero^(b), <u>Edgar F. Carrera^(c)</u> (a) Escuela Politécnica Nacional (b) Universidad del Azuay (c) Universidad San Francisco de Quito



August 27, 2024

Ecuadorian HECAP Groups Update

Outline

- Introduction
- Ecuador's Contributions to HECAP
- Student Involvement Growth
- Events and Educational Initiatives
- Challenges Faced by Ecuadorian HECAP Groups
- Strategic Objectives for Ecuadorian HECAP
- Ecuador's Commitment to HECAP
- Conclusion and Recommendations

Ecuador country profile

- A small country but densely populated (17.5M)
- Rather a newcomer in HECAP
- Funding agency: SENESCYT
- A rather small HECAP community grew fast (~10 years) but has has slowed down
- Some experimental efforts and several niches of research in theoretical cosmology and general relativity



HECAP in Ecuador

- 6 institutes participate in HECAP:
 - Escuela Politécnica Nacional (EPN)(Quito)
 - Escuela Superior Politécnica de Chimborazo (ESPOCH)(Riobamba)
 - Universidad del Azuay (UAZUAY)(Cuenca)
 - Universidad San Francisco de Quito (USFQ)(Quito)
 - Yachay Tech (YT)(Ibarra)
- Participation in large scale projects:
 - CMS (EPN, USFQ)
 - LAGO (EPN, USFQ, ESPOCH)
 - CTA (UAZUAY)
- About 2 dozen scientists working in the area
- Significant increase in number of students
- A masters program at USFQ recently opened (2019) and growing
- Expansion is challenging due to financial constraints and the constant threat of funding cuts, especially for participation in large experimental infrastructure.



Ecuador in CMS

- EPN and USFQ members of the CMS Experiment (2015)
 - 2 group leaders (faculty)
 - 1 engineering faculty
 - Usually ~4 undergrad students
 - Currently 1 new masters student

• Physics analyses:

- top physics
- higgs physics
- exotic searches

• Service work:

- Detector operation (BRIL)
- Maintenance (BRIL, PPD)
- Upgrade work for HL-LHC:
 - BRIL subsystem: new luminometry from front end devices like muon DT
- Students active participation in the CERN Summer Program and OpenLab



CMS: BRIL subsystem

- Beam Radiation, Instrumentation and Luminosity (BRIL)
- In 2020-2021, crucial in-situ engineering contributions to ensuring the CMS experiment was optimally prepared for Run 3 during Long Shutdown 2.
- Three engineers on-site
- BRIL BPTX electronics and BRILDaq software tasks
- PPD (Physics performance and datasets) group software engineer contributing on-site 2020-2024
- Ecuadorian groups actively involved in future luminometry using DT muon system (BRILDAQ software)
- During Run 3, active ongoing participation in operations (detector on-call duties) and BRIL shifts (remote ones to be tested soon)



Ecuadorian HECAP Groups Update

hits on Si pads

CMS: Computing and Open Data

- One of our engineers spent \bullet 2 years at Fermilab for Grid computing support/operations
- Co-coordination of Data Preservation and Open Access (DPOA) (until 2021)
 - Develop tools for data Ο preservation, reproducibility
 - Open data Ο
 - Usage of scalable technologies Ο
 - Several external publications 0 alreadv
 - Workshops and training Ο
- Active exploration of ML with CMS Open Data



CMS Experiment

CERN Analysis Preservation is a centralised platform for physicists to preserve and document information relevant to their analysis so that it remains understandable and reusable in the future Imagine ... CAP Repeat/ Review/ docker leproduce Compare reana Reproducible research data analysis platform



Seneral Information

2014. CMG research a significant amount of data through the CGPIN Open Data Partial, available to anyone to analyze as they saw (0, in 2017), in theory



August 27, 2024

Ecuador in LAGO

- Latin American Giant Observatory (LAGO): Array of WCDs at different latitudes from Mexico to Antarctica
- Involves active, independent groups across Latin America
- Since 2011: EPN, USFQ, ESPOCH
- 4 permanent researchers and a few graduate students
- Recently master's students interest is allowing a palpable boost
- Detectors placed at high altitudes to capture cosmic ray showers and study GRBs
- Advanced to provide new avenues for research and education
- Recent adaptations for space weather studies
- Historical issues: detector size, electronic noise, and limited funding for components.
- Ongoing efforts improving stability, supported by LA-CoNGA
- Growing involvement of master's level graduate students





PROVINCIAS – ECONOMÍA POLÍTICA DEPORTES CRÓNICA NACIONAL MUNDI

MULTIMEDIA ACTUALIDAD

Instalan un detector de rayos cósmicos en el Chimborazo

Redacción Diario Los Andes 🍵 agosto 18, 2024 👘 7:18 pm 👘 Sin Comentarios



PROYECTO

La Escuela Superior Politécnica de Chimborazo (ESPOCH) ha dado un paso significativo en el campo de la astrofísica con la instalación de un detector de rayos cósmicos en las faldas del volcán Chimborazo.



Ecuador in CTA

- Active Collaboration:
 - Part of CTA through the High Energy Group at the Universidad Complutense de Madrid (UCM).
 - Focus on developing the analysis chain for LST telescopes and optimizing the data processing cluster in La Palma.
- Key Contributions:
 - Involved in data reduction, AGN analysis, and LST telescope calibration.
 - Second affiliation with Universidad del Azuay for publications, working on projects in collaboration with UCM.
- Challenges and Opportunities:
 - Unable to officially involve Universidad del Azuay students due to CTA's closed collaboration policy.
 - Potential for Ecuador to join CTA officially, leveraging the CTA-South construction in Chile.
 - Funding is a challenging task

On-site analysis pipeline for the LST-1

version: 0.10.15.dev58+gc1c1039 Date: Aug 07, 2024



Istosa is the on-site data processing pipeline of the CTA Large-Sized Telescope prototype (LST-1) making use of the <u>cta-</u> <u>Istchain</u> analysis library.

- Source repository: <u>O</u> <u>cta-observatory/lstosa</u>
- License: BSD-3
- Python: >=3.9
- Authors: Daniel Morcuende, Lab Saha, José Enrique Ruiz, José Luis Contreras, Andrés Baquero, Mari Láinez



Growing critical mass

Strong Talent Pipeline:

- Robust flow of undergraduate and 0 graduate students
- Active engagement in research projects 0 and training programs

Enhanced Research:

- Young talent boosts current research 0 endeovors
- Promotes innovation in fundamental 0 physics and technology

Sustainable Future:

- Ensures continued growth for HECAP in 0 Fcuador
- Maintains momentum despite financial 0 challenges and funding risks

Challenges:

- Inevitable brain drain 0
- Need better policies to retain some of 0 the talent

2021 Mitsuyoshi Tanaka Dissertation Award in **Experimental Particle Physics Recipient**

Cristina Mantilla Suarez Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory

Citation:

"For thesis topic, "Probing New Physics Using Initial State Radiation Jets at the Large Hadron Collider."

updates > news > Meet the talented recipients of the ATLAS PhD Grant

Background:

YATLAS

Cristina Mantilla Suarez is a Lederman Fellow at Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory. She completed her undergraduate degree in physics at the National Polytechnic School in Quito, Ecuador, in 2016 and received her Ph.D. from Johns Hopkins University in 2020, under the supervision of Prof. Petar Maksimovic. As a graduate student she was supported by the URA Visiting Scholars program (2017) and the LHC Physics Center Graduate Scholars program at Fermilab (2019). Her research focuses on measuring

ABOUT DISCOVER RESOURCES UPDATES Q SEAR

Meet the talented recipients of the ATLAS PhD Grant 16 February 2017 | By Katarina Anthony



Santiago Paredes Saenz (University of Oxford)

When looking for funding for his PhD, Santiago Paredes Saenz found limited opportunities for students from Latin America. "My university suggested that apply for the ATLAS PhD Grant, which has no such nationality restrictions," says Paredes Saenz, who is from Ecuador. "To be honest, I thought it was a long-shot. I was very honoured to be selected!"

He will be carrying out a di-Higgs search within the ATLAS Exotics group for his thesis, and is also working on the jet missing-energy trigger for his qualification task. "It is quite challenging work, but I'm really enjoying it." he concludes.



Global Grads Featured Scholar - David Hervas

Tuesday, September 24, 2019

David Hervas Aguilar, a doctoral student in physics and astronomy, completed his bachelor of science degree in physics at Universidad San Francisco de Quito (USFQ), in his home country of Ecuador, He has served as a high school teacher in Ecuador and as a teaching assistant at UNC-Chapel Hill and USFQ. In addition, he has tauaht physics and mathematics in locations including the Galápagos Islands and Canada.

What made you choose UNC-Chapel Hill when deciding on a program/place to study?

After three changes to my major, I found myself lost. To my fortune, the physics department of Universidad San Francisco de Quito (USFQ) - my undergraduate institution in Ecuador - reached out to me with the option to pursue physics. For the first time in my academic career. I finally felt at home. It didn't take me long to learn that the founder of USFQ obtained his degree in nuclear physics from UNC. Because of this, I feel that UNC and USFQ share many of the same values and virtues and strive for innovation. I cannot be more thankful for my academic upbringing at USFQ; thus, it was only natural that I come to an institution that helpe forge that vision. My decision was solidified once I learned about the groundbreaking research that my now-advisor, John F. Wilkerson, and his team were conducting at UNC.



Ecuadorian HECAP Groups Update

Regional events and educational initiatives

- **CLASHEP** 2015
- XIV SILAFAE 2022
- School of Programming for Scientific Research (EPIC)
- LA-CoNGA Physics (future EL-BONGO Physics) (UE Erasmus+)
- CMS International Masterclasses on Particle Physics





	Group photo
tion	Photographic record
Program	
ipeakers	Additional photos
bstracts	
ring Area	The Latin American Symposium on High Energy
e (detailed view)	Physics (SILAFAE) is a traditional event that
e (Indico style)	community of particle physics and related areas
ion List	such as cosmology, gravitation and astroparticle
rence	physics. The conference has been the main regional hub for discussions on topics in the
ntributions	relevant fields, knowledge update and the
ibstracts	exploration of new ideas and perspectives
lan	towards the future. The event also promotes the expansion of regional and international connection as well as the advancement of
Conduct	younger scientists and students.
	The conference format consists of a series of





0 🛓 🗆 🔍 🔍

IV Escuela de Programación para Investigación Científica (EPIC)

"EPIC 4: Harnessing Data for Scientific Discovery - A Deep Dive into Data Analysis and Machine Learning for Physical and Life Sciences"

Physics Without Frontiers (VWP) jointly with Grapo de Investigatores Latitud Caro, the School of Physical Sciences and Nuclearchendogy of Anary Tech University. Universide International Re-Exador (UEC) Hun-Physics Department of Escoale Politecrica Nacional, and UNESCO-Quito are pleased to announce our upcoming summer "School of Programming for Scientific Research - EPIC 4: Hameseing Dala to Scientific Discover, - A Dep Diven to Data Anaryba and Machine Lasming for Physical and UE Sciences."

Indico page of the School

https://indico.cem.ch/event/1417411/

Edgar F. Carrera (ecarrera@usfq.edu.ec)

General Information

=

The 4th edition of EPIC will focus on introducion computational techniques for the analysis of scientific data an



Ecuadorian HECAP Groups Update



Challenges and Limitations in Ecuador's HECAP Research

- **SENESCYT** has been pivotal in boosting Ecuadorian participation in HEP. However, many challenges are faced.
- Funding Instability: Projects like KM3NeT faced setbacks; potential disruptions in high-impact research.
- Financial Constraints: Limited resources for large-scale and cutting-edge projects. Difficulties in joining major international projects.
- Academic and Research Constraints: Regulatory challenges and funding cuts affecting research participation and productivity. Limited student involvement in CMS, recently solved.
- Technical Challenges in Experiments: Operational and maintenance issues in experiments like LAGO. Data quality concerns; limitations in instrument functionality. Recently improved.
- Political and Economic Volatility: Political instability and economic fluctuations affecting funding stability. Risk of project discontinuation; uncertainty in long-term research planning.
- Recruitment and Retention Issues: Difficulty in attracting and retaining skilled personnel. Scarcity of expertise in complex computing and/or scientific engineering.
- Educational and Training Gaps: Need for expanded educational programs and hands-on training. Limited development of next-generation scientists and engineers.

12

Medium/long term scientific/academic goals

- Continue collaborating to study the properties of SM and the Higgs boson
- Continue research on new phenomena in particle physics
- Continue cosmic rays research
- Study the properties of neutrinos
- Engage in emerging fields, such as multi-messenger astronomy and advanced astroparticle physics projects
- Strengthen engineering capabilities
- Develop and build particle detectors beyond educative purposes
- Enhance software development and open data tools
- Enhance data sharing and open science practices
- Strengthen educational programs at all levels
- Organize more frequent educational events and academic conferences
- Secure funding and foster global partnerships for HECAP activities, while engaging the general public to raise awareness of its importance.

Strategic objectives and collaborative endeavors

- Continue working in the CMS experiment at the LHC, contributing to knowledge generation in collider particle physics, detector building, software development, and engineering.
- Continue contributing to the upgrades of the CMS experiment towards the HL-LHC phase.
- Expand and motivate groups working in the CMS experiment, emphasizing software and open data efforts.
- Continue working in the LAGO project, emphasizing the development of low-cost particle detectors to train the next generation of scientists and engineers.
- Prepare to join future collider experiments in the energy frontier, such as the ILC or FCC.
- Collaborate in future experiments in the intensity frontier, such as DUNE.
- Continue working on contributions for future projects in the **cosmic frontier** such as the **CTA Consortium** and preparing to join long-term projects such as the Cosmic Explorer.
- Prepare to join CTA formally.
- Prepare to join a large future regional experiment, such as ANDES
- Reinforce participation in developing computing tools, data science algorithms, data preservation, and open science, leveraging these efforts to boost local research.

Timeline

Projected Timeline of HECAP Large-Scale Infrastructure Experiments for Potential Ecuadorian Participation																			
Experiment	Year																		
Experiment	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042 - beyond
LHC/CMS						5.4							01				~~~		
HL-LHC/CMS																			?
LAGO										1979 - C.				?		30i			
FCC ee (as example)													?						?
DUNE (as example)																			?
ANDES (as example)			?					?							?				?
СТА																			
COSMIC EXPLORER (as example)																			?

Technical Stop/Upgrades
Commissioning/Data Taking

We acknowledge the challenges in securing Ecuadorian State support for HECAP research groups and their participation in international experiments, but recognize that the scientific and technological benefits often outweigh the investment.

Conclusions

- Significant advancements driven by strategic partnerships in projects like CMS, LAGO, and CTA.
- SENESCYT has been instrumental in supporting international scientific experiments like CMS
- HECAP projects have enhanced Ecuador's critical mass in the area by fostering high-level research skills and collaborative opportunities for local scientists and students.
- Ecuadorian students have shown strong participation in HECAP research, contributing meaningfully to projects despite facing significant challenges
- The expansion of events, educational outreach activities, and training initiatives has significantly enhanced opportunities for knowledge dissemination, skills development, and capacity building in Ecuador's scientific community.
- Funding remains a critical hurdle.

Recommendations

- Stable Funding: Secure long-term investment in HECAP research.
- Expanded Collaborations: Strengthen and diversify global partnerships.
- Enhanced Education: Develop further programs for hands-on physics and technology training.
- Computational Resources: Improve access to high-speed data infrastructure.
- Open Science: Encourage data sharing and collaboration.
- Diversity & Inclusion: Promote inclusivity in the HECAP community.
- Strategic Initiatives: Focus on targeted scientific and technological challenges.
- Implementing these strategies will solidify Ecuador's impact in HECAP and contribute to global scientific progress.

17